

- 2 channels sampled at 16-bit resolution
- 125 MS/s simultaneous real-time sampling rate on each input
- $\pm 200$  mV to  $\pm 16$  V input range
- Up to 128 million samples of on-board acquisition memory per channel
- Dual-port memory for data streaming
- AlazarDSO<sup>®</sup> oscilloscope software
- Software Development Kit supports C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB<sup>®</sup>, LabVIEW<sup>®</sup>
- Support for Windows<sup>®</sup> & Linux<sup>®</sup>



For new designs, please use [ATS9146](#)

| Product | Bus                     | Operating System                           | Channels | Max. Sample Rate | Bandwidth | Memory Per Channel    | Resolution |
|---------|-------------------------|--|----------|------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|
| ATS660  | PCI<br>32 bit<br>33 MHz | 32-bit/64-bit<br>Windows &<br>64-bit Linux | 2        | 125 MS/s         | 65 MHz    | Up to<br>128 Msamples | 16 bits    |

### Overview

AlazarTech ATS<sup>®</sup>660 is a state of the art, dual-channel, high-resolution, 16 bit, 125 MS/s waveform digitizer card for PCI bus, capable of storing up to 128 Million samples per channel of acquired data in its on-board memory.

With standard dual-port memory and fully asynchronous DMA, ATS660 allows users to build Windows or Linux based real-time data acquisition systems. Users are allowed to read acquired data even while the acquisition is in progress, including the ability to stream data to disk at rates up to 50 MS/s on one channel and 25 MS/s on 2 channels, simultaneously.

For scientific customers who want to record multiple analog inputs simultaneously, ATS660 offers multi-channel data acquisition systems of up to 8 channels.

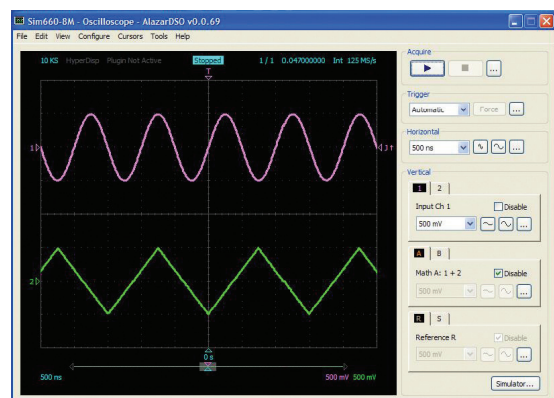
ATS660 is supplied with AlazarDSO oscilloscope software that lets the user get started immediately without having to write any software.

Users who need to integrate the ATS660 in their own program can purchase a software development kit, ATS-SDK, for C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW for both Windows and Linux operating systems.

All of this advanced functionality is packaged in a low-power, half-length PCI card.

### Applications

- Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT)
- Ultrasonic & Eddy Current NDT/NDE
- Radar/RF Signal Recording & Analysis
- Terabyte Storage Oscilloscope
- High-Resolution Oscilloscope
- Lidar
- Spectroscopy
- Digital Down Conversion (DDC)
- Multi-Channel Transient Recording



### Not Recommended for New Designs

Motherboards with PCI slots are becoming increasingly difficult to source. Customers should, therefore, consider using the ATS9146 PCIe waveform digitizer, which provides 14-bit, 125 MS/s dual-channel sampling, and dual-port memory.

### Analog Input

An ATS660 features two analog input channels with extensive functionality. Each channel has 65 MHz of full power analog input bandwidth. With software-selectable attenuation, you can achieve an input voltage range of  $\pm 200$  mV to  $\pm 16$  V. Attenuating probes (sold separately) can extend the voltage range even higher.

Software-selectable AC or DC coupling further increases the signal measurement capability. Software-selectable 50  $\Omega$  input impedance makes it easy to interface to high-speed RF signals.

For applications that require the best signal integrity, an Amplifier Bypass Mode is available as a standard feature. This feature increases the SNR to 75 dB, increases input bandwidth to 85 MHz while leaving the input range fixed at a nominal value of  $\pm 575$  mV.

### Acquisition System

ATS660 PCI digitizers use a pair of state of the art 125 MS/s, 16-bit ADCs to digitize the input signals. The real-time sampling rate ranges from 125 MS/s down to 1 KS/s. The two channels are guaranteed to be simultaneous, as they share the exact same clock.

An acquisition can consist of multiple records, with each record being captured as a result of one trigger event. A record may contain both pre-trigger and post-trigger data.

Up to 256,000 triggers can be captured into on-board memory. There is no limit on number of triggers if dual-port memory is used to acquire data.

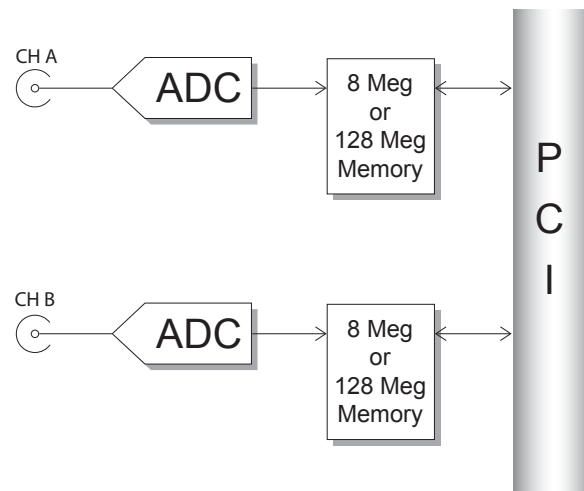
In between the multiple triggers being captured, the acquisition system is re-armed by the hardware within 32 sampling clock cycles.

This mode of capture, sometimes referred to as Multiple Record, is very useful for capturing data in applications with a very rapid or unpredictable trigger rate. Examples of such applications include medical imaging, ultrasonic testing, OCT, NMR spectroscopy and lightning test.

### On-Board Acquisition Memory

The standard ATS660 PCI digitizer features 8 Million points of acquisition memory for each channel.

Acquisition memory can optionally be upgraded to provide 128 Million samples per channel of signal storage. Data is acquired into the onboard memory before being transferred to the host PC memory. This transfer is performed using Direct Memory Access (DMA), which uses scatter-gather bus mastering technology.



### Dual-Port Memory

ATS660 is equipped with dual-port acquisition memory. This means that data can be transferred to host PC memory even if an acquisition is in progress.

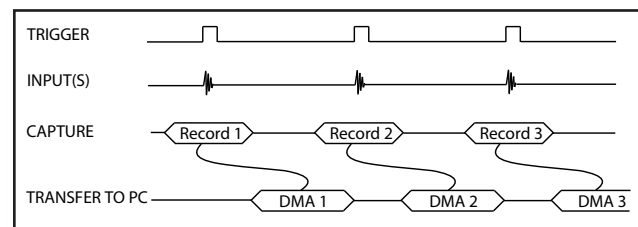
Other digitizers on the market do not provide dual-port memory, thus prolonging the re-arm time of the digitizer. This limits the maximum trigger repeat rate they can handle in applications involving fast triggers, such as OCT, medical imaging, ultrasonic testing, NMR spectroscopy and other pulse-echo testing methodologies.

ATS660 does not suffer from such drawbacks and provides the best solution for these applications.

AlazarTech® has designed custom memory management circuitry to interface this dual-port memory to PCI bus. This circuitry is called AutoDMA, which can work in many different modes.

### Traditional AutoDMA

In order to acquire both pre-trigger and post-trigger data in a dual-ported memory environment, users can use Traditional AutoDMA.



Data is returned to the user in buffers, where each buffer can contain from 1 to 8192 records (triggers). This number is called RecordsPerBuffer.

Users can also specify that each record should come with its own header that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp.

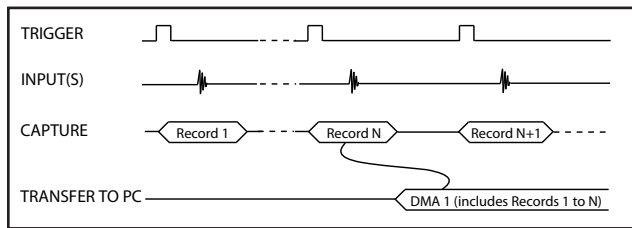
A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted if more than 512 buffers have been acquired by the acquisition system, but not transferred to host PC memory by the AutoDMA engine.

While Traditional AutoDMA can acquire data to PC host memory at sustained rates in excess of 100 MB/s, an overflow can occur if more than 512 triggers occur in very rapid succession, even if all the on-board memory has not been used up.

### No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA

Many ultrasonic scanning and medical imaging applications do not need any pre-trigger data: only post-trigger data is sufficient.

NPT AutoDMA is designed specifically for these applications. By only storing post-trigger data, the memory bandwidth is optimized and the entire on-board memory acts like a very deep FIFO.



Note that a DMA is not started until RecordsPerBuffer number of records (triggers) have been acquired.

NPT AutoDMA buffers do not include headers. However, users can specify that each record should come with its own footer that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp. The footer is called NPT Footer.

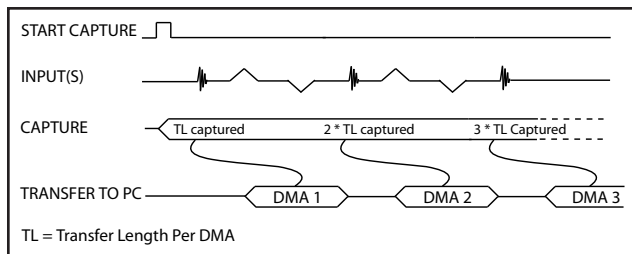
More importantly, a BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up. This provides a very substantial improvement over Traditional AutoDMA.

NPT AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at sustained rates in excess of 100 MB/s without causing an overflow.

This is the recommended mode of operation for most ultrasonic scanning, OCT and medical imaging applications.

### Continuous AutoDMA

Continuous AutoDMA is also known as the data streaming mode.



In this mode, data starts streaming across the PCI bus as soon as the ATS660 is armed for acquisition. It is important to note that triggering is disabled in this mode.

Continuous AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

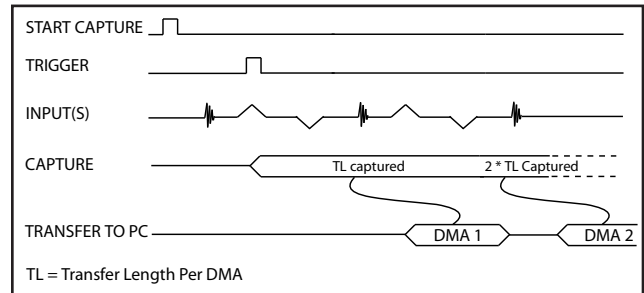
A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

The amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Continuous AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at sustained rates in excess of 100 MB/s without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for very long signal recording.

### Triggered Streaming AutoDMA

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA is virtually the same as Continuous mode, except the data transfer across the bus is held off until a trigger event has been detected.



Triggered Streaming AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

As in Continuous mode, the amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at sustained rates in excess of 100 MB/s without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for RF signal recording that has to be started at a specific time, e.g. based on a GPS pulse.

### Asynchronous DMA

AlazarTech's dual-port memory and AutoDMA circuit maximize throughput at the hardware level. An equally sophisticated software architecture is required to allow a Windows or Linux based application program to take advantage of this throughput despite all the bottlenecks created by the operating system.

AlazarTech calls this architecture *Asynchronous DMA* or AsyncDMA.

AsyncDMA uses overlapped IO to re-start DMAs and consume data, thereby minimizing CPU usage to almost 0%, reducing re-arm time of DMAs and allowing the full bus bandwidth to be realized.

Another advantage of AsyncDMA is that it can provide the full bus bandwidth to a multi-card Leader/Follower system.

Some helper routines are provided for programming languages that cannot directly use overlapped IO. Examples of such languages include Visual BASIC and LabVIEW.

It is important to note that AsyncDMA is a software construct and it can be used with any of the AutoDMA modes mentioned before.

### Software-Selectable Bandwidth Limit

A majority of applications for PCI digitizers require oversampling of input signal, i.e. the frequency of the analog signal being digitized is a factor of 5 or 6 lower than the sample rate or even the Nyquist rate.

ATS660 features a software-controlled bandwidth limit switch, which reduces high-frequency noise and improves signal to noise ratio. This switch is independently selectable for each input channel.

When selected, bandwidth limit switch can reduce the input bandwidth of a particular input to be approximately 20 MHz.

### Amplifier Bypass Mode

To obtain optimum dynamic performance, choose the Amplifier Bypass Mode.

Each channel can be independently bypassed using on-board DIP-switches.

Once the amplifier has been bypassed, the input for that channel has 50  $\Omega$  impedance, DC coupling and a 575 mV full scale input range. Diode protection is still included, but users should avoid saturation of the input beyond 120% of full scale.

### Display of Very Large Data Sets

Capturing a very large amount of data is only part of the solution the ATS660 offers. ATS660 also provides very fast rendering of this data on the computer screen.

Most products on the market that provide large amount of storage memory use standard Windows display routines to plot data on the screen. This is extremely slow and can take many minutes to update the screen. Many software packages, such as LabVIEW, explicitly warn against using large data arrays.

ATS660 uses custom HyperDisP display management technology to render these very large datasets on the computer screen in a fraction of a second.

### Triggering

The ATS660 is equipped with sophisticated digital triggering options, such as programmable trigger thresholds and slope on any of the input channels or the External Trigger input.

While most oscilloscopes offer only one trigger engine, ATS660 offers two trigger engines (called Engines J and K). This allows the user to combine the two engines using a logical OR, AND or XOR operand.

The user can specify the number of records to capture in an acquisition, the length of each record and the amount of pre-trigger data.

A programmable trigger delay can also be set by the user. This is very useful for capturing the signal of interest in a pulse-echo application, such as ultrasound, radar, lidar etc.

### Trigger Time Stamp

A 40-bit time stamp counter comes standard with the ATS660. By default, this counter is initialized to a zero value when an acquisition session is started and increments once for every two samples captured, thus providing a 2-clock timing accuracy. At 125 MS/s sample rate, this counter will not roll over for well over 2 hours.

The value of this counter is latched into trigger memory for each trigger, i.e. once per record, for up to specified number of records.

This allows the user to find out the timing of each trigger in a multiple record acquisition relative to the start of the acquisition.

It is also possible to configure the timestamp counter to reset for the first acquisition only and never again, until a software reset is issued. This feature enables users to obtain precise timing information about multiple acquisitions.

### Multiple-Digitizer Synchronization

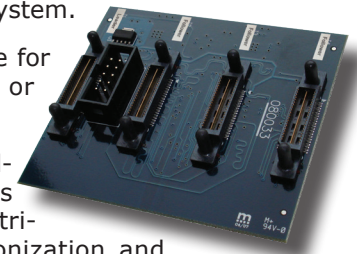
ATS660 features a Leader/Follower connector that allows synchronization of multiple digitizers to allow truly synchronous sampling across as many as 8 channels.

A SyncBoard 660 (sold separately) is required to connect the Leader/Follower connectors on multiple digitizers in the system together. Such a system is called a Leader/Follower system.

SyncBoard 660 is available for 2 board synchronization or 4 board synchronization.

SyncBoard 660 is a board-level product that features clock buffering, clock distribution, trigger resynchronization and controlled impedance, equal length traces to deliver Positive Emitter Coupled Logic (PECL) level clock, trigger, and initialization signals to each ATS660 in the system.

A Leader/Follower system is guaranteed to sample simultaneously across all channels in that system. Triggering is also guaranteed to be simultaneous across all digitizers in the system, i.e. all boards will trigger on the same clock edge.



### Optional External Clock

While the ATS660 features low-jitter, high-reliability 125 MHz and 100 MHz oscillators as sources of the timebase system, there are occasions when ATS660 has to be synchronized to an external clock source.

ATS660 External Clock option provides an SMA input for an external clock signal, which should be a high slew rate signal or LVTTTL signal.

Input impedance for the external clock input is fixed at 50  $\Omega$ . Input coupling for the external clock is user-programmable between AC and DC coupling.

In order to operate the ADC under optimal conditions, the user must set the appropriate frequency range for the external clock being supplied. The following ranges are supported:

Fast External Clock:  $1 \text{ MHz} < f_{\text{EXT}} < 125 \text{ MHz}$

Slow External Clock:  $f_{\text{EXT}} < 10 \text{ MHz}$

Note that if user selects Medium External Clock (a type of clock available on ATS460), ATS660 software driver will automatically select Fast External Clock.

The active edge of the external clock is software-selectable between the rising or falling edge.

### 10 MHz Clock Reference

Starting with ATS660 V1.1A hardware, it is possible to generate the sampling clock based on a 10 MHz reference input. This is useful for RF systems that use a common 10 MHz reference clock.

ATS660 uses an on-board PLL to generate the high-frequency clock. Clock frequencies in the range of 110 MHz to 130 MHz can be generated with a 1 MHz resolution.

### Slow External Clock

ATS660 uses ADC converters that cannot operate below 1 MHz clock frequency. For customers who have clocks that are slower than 1 MHz, AlazarTech has designed the powerful Slow External Clock.

Slow External Clock must be a 3.3 Volt LVTTTL signal. Sine wave or other types of signals are not allowed.

In this mode, the ADCs run at 125 MHz internal frequency, but the hardware detects a rising (or falling) edge of the incoming Slow External Clock and latches one sample point for each edge. This results in a sampling jitter of  $\pm 8 \text{ ns}$ , which may or may not be acceptable in a particular application.

### AUX Connector

ATS660 provides an AUX (Auxiliary) BNC connector that is configured as a Trigger Output connector by default.

When configured as a Trigger Output, AUX BNC connector outputs a 5 Volt TTL signal synchronous to the ATS660 sampling clock, allowing users to synchronize their test systems to the ATS660 Trigger and clock.

When combined with the Trigger Delay feature of the ATS660, this option is ideal for ultrasonic and other pulse-echo imaging applications.

Other uses of AUX connector include its use as a Trigger Enable input and Clock output.

### Calibration

Every ATS660 digitizer is factory calibrated for gain and offset accuracy to NIST- or CNRC-traceable standards. To recalibrate an ATS660, the digitizer must be shipped back to the factory.

### RoHS Compliance

ATS660 units built after June 2007 are fully RoHS compliant, as defined by Directive 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2015 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

All manufacturing is done using RoHS-compliant components and lead-free soldering.

### AlazarDSO Software

ATS660 is supplied with the powerful AlazarDSO software that allows the user to setup the acquisition hardware and capture, display and archive the signals.

The Stream-To-Memory command in AlazarDSO allows users to stream a large dataset to motherboard memory.

AlazarDSO software also includes powerful tools for benchmarking the computer bus and disk drive.

### Software Development Kits

AlazarTech provides easy-to-use software development kits for customers who want to integrate the ATS660 into their own software.

A Windows and Linux compatible software development kit, called ATS-SDK, includes headers, libraries and source code sample programs written in C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW. These programs can fully control the ATS660 and acquire data in user buffers.

The purchase of an ATS-SDK license includes a subscription that allows users to download ATS-SDK updates from the AlazarTech website for period of 12 months from the date of purchase.

Customers who want to download new releases beyond this 12 month period should purchase extended maintenance (order number ATS-SDK-1YR).

### Support for Windows

Windows support for ATS660 includes Windows 11, Windows 10, Windows Server® 2019, and Windows Server 2016. As Windows Server 2019 and 2016 are seldom used by our customers, they are expected to work but are not regularly tested with each software release. If there are issues related to Windows Server 2016 or 2019, tech support may not be as rapid as for other operating systems.



# ATS660

## 125 MS/s 16-Bit PCI Digitizer

Microsoft mainstream support ended in 2018 for Windows 8.1 and Windows Server 2012 R2. As such, AlazarTech has ceased development on these operating systems. Current software and driver releases may work with these operating systems but they are not officially supported.

Due to lack of demand and due to the fact that Microsoft no longer supports these operating systems, AlazarTech no longer supports Windows 8, Windows 7, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2008 R2, and Windows Server 2008.

### Linux Support

AlazarTech offers Dynamic Kernel Module Support (DKMS) drivers for the following Linux distributions: Ubuntu, Debian, and RHEL®.

AlazarTech DKMS drivers may work for other Linux distributions but they have not been tested and technical support may be limited.

Users can download the DKMS driver for their specific distribution by choosing from the available drivers here:

<ftp://release@ftp.alazartech.com/outgoing/linux>

Only 64-bit Linux operating systems are supported.

A GUI application called AlazarFrontPanel that allows simple data acquisition and display is also provided.

ATS-SDK includes source code example programs for Linux, which demonstrate how to acquire data programmatically using a C compiler.

Based on a minimum annual business commitment, the Linux driver source code license (order number ATS660-LINUX) may be granted to qualified OEM customers for a fee. For release of driver source code, a Non-Disclosure Agreement must be executed between the customer's organization and AlazarTech.

All such source code disclosures are made on an as-is basis with limited support from the factory.

### Technical Support

AlazarTech is known for its world-class technical support. Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty.

AlazarTech digitizers come with a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. This warranty can be extended for a fee (more information can be found in the next section: Extended Warranty).

If your waveform digitizer is out of warranty, you will not be eligible for free technical support on AlazarTech hardware or software products and you will need to purchase technical support hours (order number SUPPORT-HR5) to obtain assistance.

In addition, any necessary repairs to your out-of-warranty hardware products will carry a minimum bench charge.

### Extended Warranty

The purchase of an ATS660 includes a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. Customers may extend their warranty by ordering the appropriate Extended Warranty:

ATS660-061 for ATS660-8M

ATS660-062 for ATS660-128M

This must be purchased before expiration of the standard warranty (or before expiration of an Extended Warranty). Extended Warranties can only be purchased while there is a valid warranty in place.

Users can purchase up to 4 (four) additional years of warranty extensions for a maximum total of 5 years of warranty.

Get your warranty end date by registering your product at: [www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/](http://www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/).

### Export Control Classification

According to the Export Controls Division of Government of Canada, ATS660 is currently not controlled for export from Canada. Its export control classification is N8, which is equivalent to ECCN EAR99. ATS660 can be shipped freely outside of Canada, with the exception of countries listed on the [Area Control List](#) and [Sanctions List](#). Furthermore, if the end-use of ATS660, in part or in its entirety, is related to the development or deployment of weapons of mass destruction, AlazarTech is obliged to apply for an export permit.

### EC Conformity

ATS660 conforms to the following standards:

Electromagnetic Emissions:

CISPR 22:2006/EN 55022:2006 (Class A):  
Information Technology Equipment (ITE). Radio disturbance characteristics. Limits and method of measurement.

Electromagnetic Immunity:

CISPR 24:1997/EN 55024:1998 (+A1 +A2):  
Information Technology Equipment Immunity characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement.

Safety:

IEC 60950-1:2005: Information technology equipment — Safety — Part 1: General requirements.

IEC 60950-1:2006: Information technology equipment — Safety — Part 1: General requirements.

ATS660 also follows the provisions of the following directives: 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Equipment); 2004/108/EC (Electromagnetic Compatibility).

### FCC & ICES-003 Compliance

ATS660 has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15, subpart B of the FCC Rules, and the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003:2004.



# ATS660

## 125 MS/s 16-Bit PCI Digitizer

---

‡ AlazarDSO, AlazarTech, and AlazarTech ATS are registered trademarks of Alazar Technologies Inc.  
MATLAB is a trademark and/or registered trademark of The MathWorks, Inc.  
LabVIEW is a trademark and/or registered trademark of National Instruments.  
Windows and Windows Server are trademarks and/or registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the U.S. and/or other countries.  
Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds.  
RHEL is a registered trademark of Red Hat, Inc. in the United States and other countries.  
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

**Manufactured By:**

**Alazar Technologies Inc.**

6600 TRANS-CANADA HIGHWAY, SUITE 310  
POINTE-CLAIRE, QC, CANADA H9R 4S2

TOLL FREE: 1-877-7-ALAZAR  
TEL: (514) 426-4899 FAX: (514) 426-2723

E-MAIL: sales@alazartech.com



# ATS660

## 125 MS/s 16-Bit PCI Digitizer

### System Requirements

Personal computer with at least one free PCI slot, 512 MB RAM, 100 MB of free hard disk space

### Power Requirements

+5 V 2.5 A, typical for ATS660-8M  
3.0 A, typical for ATS660-128M  
+5 V voltage level must remain between the range of 4.75 V to 5.20 V at all times after power-on

### Physical

Size Single slot, half length PCI card (4.225 inches x 7.5 inches excluding the connectors protruding from the front panel)  
Weight 500 g

### I/O Connectors

CH A, CH B, TRIG IN, TRIG OUT BNC female connectors  
ECLK SMA female connector

### Environmental

Operating temperature 0 to 55 degrees Celsius  
Storage temperature -20 to 70 degrees Celsius  
Relative humidity 5 to 95%, non-condensing

### Acquisition System

Resolution 16 bits  
Bandwidth (-3 dB)  
DC-coupled, 1 M $\Omega$  DC - 65 MHz  
DC-coupled, 50  $\Omega$  DC - 65 MHz  
AC-coupled, 1 M $\Omega$  10 Hz - 65 MHz  
AC-coupled, 50  $\Omega$  100 kHz - 65 MHz  
Bandwidth flatness:  $\pm 1$  dB  
Number of channels 2, simultaneously sampled  
Maximum Sample Rate 125 MS/s single shot  
Minimum Sample Rate  
Internal clocking 1 KS/s single shot  
Fast external clocking 1 MS/s single shot  
Full Scale Input ranges  
1 M $\Omega$  input impedance:  $\pm 200$  mV,  $\pm 400$  mV,  $\pm 800$  mV,  $\pm 2$  V,  $\pm 4$  V,  $\pm 8$  V, and  $\pm 16$  V, software-selectable  
50  $\Omega$  input impedance:  $\pm 200$  mV,  $\pm 400$  mV,  $\pm 800$  mV,  $\pm 2$  V, and  $\pm 4$  V, software-selectable  
DC accuracy  $\pm 2\%$  of full scale in all input ranges  
Input coupling AC or DC, software-selectable  
Input impedance 50  $\Omega$  or 1 M $\Omega$   $\pm 1\%$  in parallel with 50 pF  $\pm 10$  pF, software-selectable  
Absolute maximum input  
1 M $\Omega$   $\pm 28$  V (DC + peak AC for CH A, CH B and EXT only without external attenuation)  
50  $\Omega$   $\pm 4$  V (DC + peak AC for CH A, CH B and EXT only without external attenuation)

### Amplifier Bypass Mode

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Standard Feature        | Yes   |
| DIP Switch selectable   | Yes, independently for each channel                                       |
| Input Range             | Approx. 550 mV rms  |
| Input Coupling          | DC, irrespective of the input coupling setting for the channel            |
| Input Impedance         | 50 $\Omega$ , irrespective of the input impedance setting for the channel |
| Input bandwidth (-3 dB) | 85 MHz  |

### On-Board Acquisition Memory System

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Onboard acq memory    | 32 MB for ATS660-8M<br>512 MB for ATS660-128M  |
| Acquisition Memory/ch | Up to 8 Million samples per channel for ATS660-8M<br>Up to 128 Million samples per channel for ATS660-128M   |
| Record Length         | Software-selectable with 16-point resolution. Record length must be a minimum of 128 points. Maximum record length is limited by the acquisition memory per channel. |
| Number of Records     | Software-selectable from a minimum of 1 to a maximum of 256,000 or (Acquisition Memory Per Channel / (Record Length+16)), whichever is lower                         |
| Pre-trigger depth     | 0 to (Record Length-64), software-selectable with 16-point resolution  |
| Post-trigger depth    | Record Length - Pre-trigger depth  |

### Timebase System

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Timebase options        | Internal Clock or External Clock (Optional)  |
| Internal Sample Rates   | 125 MS/s, 100 MS/s, 50 MS/s, 20 MS/s, 10 MS/s, 5 MS/s, 2 MS/s, 1 MS/s, 500 KS/s, 200 KS/s, 100 KS/s, 50 KS/s, 20 KS/s, 10 KS/s, 5 KS/s, 2 KS/s, 1 KS/s |
| Internal Clock accuracy | $\pm 25$ ppm   |

### Dynamic Parameters

Typical values measured using a randomly selected ATS660 with Amplifier Bypass Mode. Input was provided by a HP8656A signal generator, followed by a 9-pole, 1 MHz band-pass filter (TTE Q36T-1M-100K-50-720B). Input frequency was set at 1 MHz and output amplitude was 500 mV rms, which is approximately 95% of the 520 mVrms full scale input in Amplifier Bypass Mode.

|       |         |
|-------|---------|
| SNR   | 72.9 dB |
| SINAD | 72.3 dB |
| THD   | -83 dB  |
| SFDR  | -82 dB  |

Note that these dynamic parameters may vary from one unit to another, with input frequency and with the full scale input range selected.



### Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Signal Level      | 500 mV <sub>p-p</sub> or 3.3 V LVTTTL                             |
| Input impedance   | 50 Ω  |
| Input coupling    | AC or DC, DIP switch selectable                                   |
| Maximum frequency | 125 MHz for Fast External Clock<br>40 MHz for Slow External Clock |
| Minimum frequency | 1 MHz for Fast External Clock<br>DC for Slow External Clock       |
| Decimation factor | Software-selectable from 1 to 100,000                             |
| Sampling Edge     | Rising or Falling, software-selectable                            |

### Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input<sup>†</sup>

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Signal Level         | 500 mV <sub>p-p</sub> or 3.3 V LVTTTL    |
| Input impedance      | 50 Ω                                     |
| Input coupling       | AC                                       |
| Input frequency      | 10 MHz ± 0.5 MHz                         |
| Maximum frequency    | 10.5 MHz                                 |
| Minimum frequency    | 9.5 MHz                                  |
| Sampling clock freq. | 110 MHz to 130 MHz with 1 MHz resolution |

### Triggering System

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Mode                       | Edge triggering with hysteresis   |
| Comparator Type            | Digital comparators for internal (CH A, CH B) triggering and analog comparators for TRIG IN (External) triggering   |
| Number of Trigger Engines  | 2   |
| Trigger Engine Combination | Engine J, engine K, J OR K, software-selectable   |
| Trigger Engine Source      | CH A, CH B, EXT, Software or None, independently software-selectable for each of the two Trigger Engines  |
| Hysteresis                 | ±5% of full scale input, typical  |
| Trigger sensitivity        | ±10% of full scale input range. This implies that the trigger system may not trigger reliably if the input has an amplitude less than ±10% of full scale input range selected |
| Trigger level accuracy     | ±10%, typical, of full scale input range of the selected trigger source   |
| Bandwidth                  | 65 MHz  |
| Trigger Delay              | Software-selectable from 0 to 9,999,999 sampling clock cycles   |
| Trigger Timeout            | Software-selectable with a 10 μs resolution. Maximum settable value is 3,600 seconds. Can also be disabled to wait indefinitely for a trigger event                           |

### TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Input impedance   | 1 MΩ ±10% in parallel with 30 pF ±10 pF |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC - 25 MHz                             |
| DC-coupled        | 10 Hz - 25 MHz                          |
| AC-coupled        |   |
| Input range       | ±5 V or ±1 V, software-selectable       |

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| DC accuracy            | ±10% of full scale input                          |
| Absolute maximum input | ±28 V (DC + peak AC without external attenuation) |
| Coupling               | AC or DC, software-selectable                     |

### Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Signal direction | Input or Output, software-selectable. Trigger Output by default                       |
| Output types:    | Trigger Output, Pacer (programmable clock) Output, Software-controlled Digital Output |
| Input types:     | Trigger Enable<br>Software-readable Digital Input                                     |
| Output           |   |
| Amplitude:       | 5 Volt TTL  |
| Synchronization: | Synchronized to rising edge of sampling clock   |
| Input            |   |
| Amplitude:       | 3.3 Volt TTL (5 Volt compliant)   |

### Materials Supplied

ATS660 PCI Card  
ATS660 Installation Disk (on USB Flash Drive)

### Certification and Compliances

RoHS 3 (Directive 2015/863/EU) Compliance  
CE Marking — EC Conformity  
FCC Part 15 Class A / ICES-003 Class A Compliance

<sup>†</sup>Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input is available with hardware version 1.1A and higher.

All specifications are subject to change without notice

## ORDERING INFORMATION

|  |             |
|--|-------------|
| ATS660-8M  | ATS660-001  |
| ATS660-128M  | ATS660-010  |
| ATS660: 8 Meg to 128 Meg Upgrade   | ATS660-011  |
| ATS660: External Clock Upgrade   | ATS660-004  |
| SyncBoard 660 2X   | ATS660-006  |
| SyncBoard 660 4X   | ATS660-007  |
| ATS660-8M: One Year Extended Warranty  | ATS660-061  |
| ATS660-128M: One Year Extended Warranty  | ATS660-062  |
| ATS-SDK purchased with a digitizer board or ATS-GPU: License + 1 Year Subscription (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW)         | ATS-SDK     |
| ATS-SDK purchased separately: License + 1 Year Subscription + 5 hours of technical support (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW) | ATS-SDK-WOD |
| 5 Hours of technical support   | SUPPORT-HR5 |

### DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY

#### Changes from version 1.2F (Nov 2021) to version 1.2G

#### Section, Page

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Changes to maintenance subscription inclusions: removed technical support   | Software Development Kits, pg. 5        |
| Added Windows 11  | Support for Windows, pg. 5              |
| Added new section to specify how AlazarTech handles technical support:<br>Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty.<br>Out-of-warranty support requires the purchase of support hours. | Technical Support, pg. 6                |
| Updated specification name from <i>Input protection</i> to <i>Absolute maximum input</i><br>Actual value did not change.  | Acquisition System, pg. 8               |
| Updated specification name from <i>Input protection</i> to <i>Absolute maximum input</i><br>Actual value did not change.  | TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 9 |
| Updated name for product <i>Software Development Kit</i><br>Now called: <i>ATS-SDK purchased with a digitizer board or ATS-GPU</i>  | Ordering Information, pg. 9             |
| Added products ATS-SDK-WOD and SUPPORT-HR5  | Ordering Information, pg. 9             |

#### Changes from version 1.2E (Feb 2020) to version 1.2F

#### Section, Page

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Changed recommended replacement to ATS9146  | Not Recommended for New Designs, pg. 2    |
| Changed term for multi-board system to Leader/Follower                                    | Multiple-Digitizer Synchronization, pg. 4 |
| Updated support status for Windows 8.x and<br>Windows Server versions 2012 R2, 2016, 2019 | Support for Windows, pg. 6                |
| Updated Linux Support (RHEL) and added new DKMS drivers                                   | Linux Support, pg. 6                      |
| Added section: Extended Warranty  | Extended Warranty, pg. 6                  |

#### Changes from version 1.2D (Jan 2020) to version 1.2E

#### Section, Page

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Added note to advise that ATS660 is not recommended for new designs<br>Suggested replacement is ATS9462 | pg. 1                                  |
| Added section to recommend ATS9462 PCIe digitizer card  | Not Recommended for New Designs, pg. 2 |

#### Changes from version 1.2C (Jan 2019) to version 1.2D

#### Section, Page

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Changed <i>Sampling Rate</i> column to <i>Max. Sample Rate</i>   | Feature Table, pg. 1                        |
| Replaced signal sine or square wave requirement with high slew rate  | Optional External Clock, pg. 5              |
| Removed qualified metrology lab as option for recalibrating ATS660   | Calibration, pg. 5                          |
| Specified Windows 7 version support, re-ordered list of operating systems, and<br>added end-of-support notice for Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2 | Support for Windows, pg. 6                  |
| Specified Linux distributions: CentOS, Debian, and Ubuntu  | Linux Support, pg. 6                        |
| Changed signal level from " $\pm 200$ mV Sine wave or 3.3 V LVTTTL" to<br>"500 mV <sub>p-p</sub> or 3.3 V LVTTTL"                                      | Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, pg. 8 |
| Changed signal level from " $\pm 200$ mV Sine wave or 3.3 V LVTTTL" to<br>"500 mV <sub>p-p</sub> or 3.3 V LVTTTL"                                      | Optional 10 MHz Reference Input, pg. 8      |
| Corrected Output types (removed Busy Output and added Pacer Output)  | Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 8              |

#### Changes from version 1.2B (Oct 2018) to version 1.2C

#### Section, Page

|                                   |                                      |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Updated <i>Sanctions List</i> URL | Export Control Classification, pg. 6 |
| Updated Trademark information     | pg. 6                                |

#### Changes from version 1.2A (Jan 2018) to version 1.2B

#### Section, Page

|  |                                  |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Updated RoHS Compliance to RoHS 3                                  | Global change                    |
| Updated product image  | pg. 1                            |
| Clarified Operating System Support                                 | Feature Table, pg. 1             |
| Corrected trigger engines: changed to J and K (instead of X and Y) | Triggering, pg. 4                |
| Removed oscilloscope calibrator model                              | Calibration, pg. 5               |
| Added information on ATS-SDK license                               | Software Development Kits, pg. 5 |

### DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY

#### Changes from version 1.2A (Jan 2018) to version 1.2B (continued)

|   | <b>Section, Page</b>                        |
|---|---|
| Added list of supported Microsoft Windows versions              | Support for Windows, pg. 6                  |
| Added Trademark information                                     | pg. 6                                       |
| Added Minimum Sample Rate for Fast External Clocking            | Acquisition System, pg. 7                   |
| Corrected Minimum Record Length from 256 to 128                 | On-Board Acquisition Memory System, pg. 7   |
| Added Input Coupling  | Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, pg. 8 |
| Added <i>Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input</i> section        | Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input, pg. 8  |
| Corrected Trigger Engine Combination and Trigger level accuracy | Triggering System, pg. 8                    |
| Replaced TRIG OUT Output section with Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)   | Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 8              |
| Added subscription length for ATS-SDK                           | Ordering Information, pg. 8                 |

#### Changes from version 1.2 (Sept 2017) to version 1.2A

|                                    | <b>Section, Page</b>                |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Added note about NPT Footers       | No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA, pg. 3 |
| Added CNRC as calibration standard | Calibration, pg. 5                  |
| Corrected size of card             | Physical, pg. 7                     |
| Updated email address              | Manufactured By, pg. 8              |

#### Changes from version 1.1B (Jan 2013) to version 1.2

|   | <b>Section, Page</b>                    |
|---|---|
| Added Python to list of SDK supported languages, and Support for Windows & Linux  | Features, pg. 1                         |
| Removed deprecated <i>Optional Data Streaming To Hard Disk</i>  | Features, pg. 1                         |
| Changed maximum number of channels for multi-channel data acquisition systems to 8  | Overview, pg. 1                         |
| Removed note on availability of special order item for higher channel counts  | Overview, pg. 1                         |
| Added Python & LabVIEW to list of supported languages for ATS-SDK, removed ATS-VI   | Overview, pg. 1                         |
| Removed <i>Stream To Disk</i> , product deprecated  | Stream To Disk, pg. 4                   |
| Removed section <i>FPGA Customization</i> ; option deprecated   | FPGA Customization, pg. 4               |
| Updated section on RoHS compliance  | RoHS Compliance, pg. 5                  |
| Modified AlazarDSO description  | AlazarDSO Software, pg. 5               |
| Removed section <i>AlazarDSO Plug-Ins</i> ; product deprecated  | AlazarDSO Plug-Ins, pg. 5               |
| New section <i>Software Development Kits</i> to replace sections:<br><i>ATS-SDK Software Development Kit</i> and <i>ATS-VI Software Development Kit</i> | Software Development Kits, pg. 5        |
| Replaced section <i>ATS-Linux</i> with new <i>Linux Support</i> section   | Linux Support, pg. 5                    |
| Added Export Control Classification information   | Export Control Classification, pg. 6    |
| Added section on EC Conformity  | EC Conformity, pg. 6                    |
| Added section on FCC & ICES-003 Compliance  | FCC & ICES-003 Compliance, pg. 6        |
| Updated External Trigger Input Impedance to 1 M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 10%  | TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 8 |
| Updated list of Certification and Compliances   | Certification and Compliances, pg. 8    |
| Added products ATS660-061, ATS660-062   | Ordering Information, pg. 8             |
| Replaced product ATS660-SDK with ATS-SDK  | Ordering Information, pg. 8             |
| Removed ATS660-VI (ATS-SDK now supports LabVIEW)  | Ordering Information, pg. 8             |
| Removed products ATS660-Linux, ATS-STR, ATS-DSO-PDK   | Ordering Information, pg. 8             |